Arts of Asia Lecture Series Fall 2014
The Arts of the Islamic World
Sponsored by The Society for Asian Art

*Imagining Europe at the Persian Court in the 17th Century (1590-1720)*
Dr. Amy S Landau
Associate Curator of Islamic and South Asian Art, Walters Art Museum

I. A Few Historical Markers to Frame Lecture and Discussion

**Shah ‘Abbas (1587-1629)**
1604: Armenians from Julfa on the Ottoman-Safavid border forcibly relocated to New Julfa, outside the Safavid capital at Isfahan
1610: Receipt dated February 17, 1610 listing a number of Venetian paintings bought on behalf of the Shah by Armenian *Khwaja* Safar. The receipt lists such paintings as Nativity, Madonna, and a female nude.
1620s: beginning around 1620 evidence that Dutch painters working for the court
During the reign of Shah ‘Abbas Latin missionaries granted permission to reside in Isfahan; Trade agreements between Safavid court and Dutch and English East India companies are signed

**Shah Safi (1629-1642)**
1636: Books printed by Armenians in New Julfa, first operating printing press in Iran
1638: English envoy Thomas Merry presents portraits of King Charles I, Henrietta Maria and their children to Shah Safi

**Shah ‘Abbas II (1642-1666)**
1640s: Chehel Sutun, one of the great Safavid palaces, being built, finished 1647
1644: Raphael du Mans, the French Capuchin arrives in Persia and lives there until his death in 1696. During this extended period of time, he serves as a court interpreter.
1645: Jesuits begin arriving in Safavid Iran
1658: Armenians from New Julfa outside of Isfahan establish a printing press in Amsterdam
During the reign of Shah ‘Abbas II the court hired many European craftsmen, especially Frenchmen. The foreign painters working for the court are largely Dutch.

**Shah Sulayman (1666-1694)**
1668: Safavid shah comes to the throne for the second time, after court astrologers recommend second coronation after misfortune plagues initial year
1670: Hasht Behest palace finished
1675: Muhammad Zaman adds paintings to two royal manuscripts kept in royal library
1694: Gemelli-Carreri reports seeing glass baubles from Nuremberg and Venice in shop in the royal square of Isfahan

Shah Sultan Husayn (1695-1722)

1696: Raphael du Mans dies
1722: Afghan invasions

II. Buildings Discussed
Isfahan’s palace precinct and its relationship to the Armenian suburb of New Julfa
Chehel Sutun
Hasht Behest
All Savior’s Cathedral in New Julfa

III. Select Bibliography