Arts of Asia Lecture Series Fall 2017 Art on the Move Across Asia and Beyond – Part I Sponsored by The Society for Asian Art

Dialogues Across Space & Time: The Written Word in East Asia

Arts of Asia Lecture Series at the Asian Art Museum of San Francisco **Kevin G. Carr**, University of Michigan 13 October 2017

Key Terms & Themes

Chinese characters (漢字: Ch. hanzi, K. hanja, J. kanji), 5 main "modes":

- 1. seal script (*zhuanshu* 篆書), from c. 1400 BCE, systematized 3rd century BCE
- 2. clerical (scribe) script (*lishu* 隷書), in use c. 3rd century BCE to 3rd century CE
- 3. regular (block, standard) script (kaishu 楷書), developed from 2nd-5th century CE
- 4. semi-cursive ("running") script (*xingshu* 行書), developed c. 3rd century BCE to 3rd century CE
- 5. cursive ("grass") script (caoshu 草書)—various types, including:
 - a. old cursive (derived from clerical script), from 2nd century BCE; became common by the 3rd and 4th centuries CE
 - b. wild cursive, from c. 8th century

two phonetic scripts:

- a. Japanese syllabary (*kana* 仮名), now divided into *hiragana* 平仮名 and *katakana* 片仮名, from c. 10th century
- b. Korean phonetic script (hangeul 한글), created 1443

Select Bibliography

Asian Art Museum of San Francisco, et al., eds. *The Elegant Gathering : The Yeh Family Collection*. San Francisco: Asian Art Museum of San Francisco, 2006.

Knight, Michael, and Joseph Z. Chang, eds. *Out of Character : Decoding Chinese calligraphy* 法迹 : 觀遠山莊珎藏法術選. San Francisco: Asian Art Museum, 201. [Jerry Yang collection]

Asian Art Museum Videos

Decoding Chinese Calligraphy (Cai Xingyi demonstrates five major scripts) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oRRiTo8sUwk</u> Appreciating Chinese Calligraphy <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MEN0CzGv5-Y</u>

Excerpt from *The Character of Characters*, 2012, by Xu Bing https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mQ1mpKllxhQ

Chart of Major Chinese Scripts

- all of the following characters are the same: 龍 ("dragon")

